LAWS & RULES AGENDA 3/17/2021

NEW BUSINESS:

Zoning Code Review to allow accessory Dwelling- Alderman Hirsch

Adoption of NYStretch Energy Code-Julie Noble (presentation by Mike DeWein, NYSERDA Rep.)

OLD BUSINESS:

Definition of "Hotel"-zoning code

Chicken Legislation-Eric Kitchen

Tinti, Elisa

LXR

From:

Hirsch. Michele

Sent:

Friday, February 26, 2021 2:34 PM

To: Cc: Shaut, Andrea

Subject:

Tinti, Elisa
Zoning Code update in relation to Accessory Dwelling Units

Attachments:

Accessory Dwelling Units in NY.pdf

Dear President Shaut,

In an effort to increase affordable housing units I am respectfully requesting that this communication be accepted for referral to the Laws and Rules Committee.

As we all know, the City of Kingston is in the middle of a housing crisis, we need to increase the number of affordable housing rental units, as quickly as possible. As a February 2, 2021 article in the Daily Freeman noted, the recent Draft Ulster County Housing Action Plan Study revealed a housing crises, worse than expected. Deputy County Executive Evelyn Wright is quoted in saying, "Housing prices are higher than average for several reasons, including a low inventory of housing stock, little construction and opposition in many communities to new housing construction."

As we have seen here in the City of Kingston, going through the process of building new housing stock, is a long and drawn out process.

I am proposing that we look at our current Zoning Code to allow Accessory Dwelling Units in Residential Zones R1, R2 and R3 without a Special Use Permit to align with provisions of the Zoning Code for Accessory Dwelling Units that are currently allowed in the City of Kingston Zoning Code as per § 405-9C(2).

I have attached a recent article about the expansion of Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) in New York as it outlines the many benefits of ADUs in communities. While ADUs are allowed by our current zoning code for some residential areas, we should open up this opportunity to more areas, in the City of Kingston.

Thank you.

With kind regards.

Michele Hirsch Alderwoman, Ward 9

			14	
	×			
2				

Get started

Open in apr



New York ADU Legalization

	36
	1
	1

9 Followers About

Landmark Bill to End Bans on Accessory Homes Across New York State to be Introduced by Assemblymember Epstein and Senator Harckham

Accessory Dwelling Units, Banned in Some Localities, Would Offer Income to Homeowners, New Affordable Housing, and Integration Benefits



New York ADU Legalization Jan 27 · 9 min read

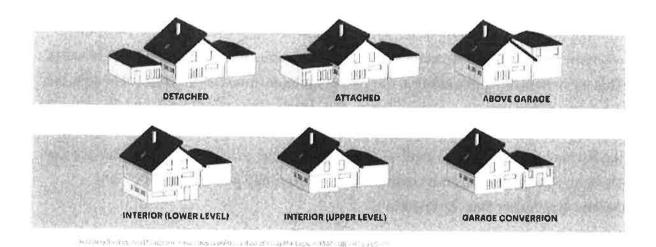


Illustration credit: "Be My Neighbor," Regional Plan Association.

Albany, NY (January 27, 2021) — A landmark bill to legalize Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) across New York State is being introduced by New York State Assemblymember Harvey Epstein and New York State Senator Pete Harckham. ADUs are smaller homes on the same lot as a primary residence — including familiar home types such as "in-law units," garage conversions, and basement apartments. By giving homeowners the opportunity to create ADUs, the bill will give critical help to both homeowners and renters. ADUs allow homeowners to bring in extra rental income, while growing the tax base for local governments. ADUs create new affordable housing without significantly changing the built character of a neighborhood. And by opening up new, affordable housing options where they don't currently exist, ADUs can help diversify segregated neighborhoods and towns.

The bill would direct localities to ensure that ADUs are legal under local law, ensuring that local governments have flexibility to design local ADU laws to fit local needs without imposing overly-onerous restrictions on homeowners. The New York State Department of State would work with local governments to make sure local laws meet state requirements and protect both homeowners and renters. And the New York State Division of Housing and Community Renewal would create a financing program to make sure low- and moderate-income homeowners are able to access the benefits of ADUs.

"In the middle of an affordable housing crisis, I am proud to introduce this landmark legislation backed by a strong coalition of organizations and leaders who represent communities throughout the state. While our districts may look different, we hold in common the principles of creating new sources of safe, decent, and affordable housing. That we're launching this effort in the face of multiple, intertwined crises of health, the economy, and housing is no coincidence. ADU legalization would open up opportunities for hundreds of thousands of affordable units to be placed on the market to beat back the housing crisis, as well as generate more tax revenue to help fill looming budget gaps. I look forward to growing our coalition of supporters and passing this bill," said Assemblymember Harvey Epstein.

"This legislation, which encourages increased legalization of accessory dwelling units to create more affordable housing throughout the state, really looks out for everyone — renters, property owners and municipalities included," said **State Sen. Pete Harckham**. "In suburban and rural areas especially, more ADUs will give homeowners a safe,

regulated option for added income while also boosting the tax base. This will provide so many benefits to our communities at a time when affordable housing needs are being felt by seniors, working families, teachers, first responders and many others."

Academic and policy experts agree that ADU legalization could help to address New York's profound housing crisis. A recent paper from the Furman Center at NYU explains that New York has "fewer homes, more expensive rents, and starker segregation... [driven by] the most exclusionary zoning in the country." The COVID-19 pandemic has exacerbated this problem, illuminating the need to address overcrowding and provide safe, affordable accommodations in every neighborhood, town, and city. The Regional Plan Association's recent "Be My Neighbor" report found that legalizing ADU construction and conversions could create over 300,000 new homes just in the Hudson Valley, Long Island, and New York City.

The bill is backed by a broad coalition of housing advocates from across the state, including Asian Americans For Equality, Allied Community Enterprises, Basement Apartments Safe for Everyone (BASE) Campaign, Chhaya CDC, Citizens Housing and Planning Council, CNY Fair Housing, Community Housing Innovations, Cypress Hills LDC, ERASE Racism, Enterprise Community Partners, Fair Housing Justice Center, Habitat for Humanity New York City, Housing Rights Initiative, Open New York, Pratt Center For Community Development, Regional Plan Association, Westchester Residential Opportunities, and more.

"Asian Americans For Equality (AAFE) is proud to have worked together with many of the housing advocates on an Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) standardization and legalization bill, which is the de facto affordable housing type for thousands of low-income, and often immigrant, New Yorkers in our neighborhoods," said Thomas Yu and Jennifer Sun, Co-Executive Directors of AAFE. "Tenants who have no other means to afford a place to live need a regulated and protected space, based on the avenues provided in this Bill. Meanwhile, homeowners and primary tenants also will benefit, since they themselves are often living paycheck to paycheck and need extra rental income resiliency. The stresses brought on by pandemic in our neighborhood housing, lay bare that now is the time to make clear legalization pathways for ADUs."

"For some years, ADUs have captivated me. As the head of non-profit development agencies, I've used ADUs to create an additional unit of housing while developing small-

scale developments in northern Westchester. While they should have been easy to accomplish, septic issues and non-standard zoning regulations delayed their approval. Most recently, an application was denied because of lack of parking for "those people" — a clear example of the classism that drives many of our outdated restrictions on ADUs. The extra income that accessory units can provide for first-time homebuyers can make or break the ownership, and allowing two units to be developed on a site rather than one doubles the amount of available public funding. A state plan for legalization of ADUs is more than a law: It merges smart development, helps the forgotten middle, allows for incremental integration, and honors an environmentally friendly way of creating more housing. ADUs can and should be the low-hanging fruit of residential development, be it for naturally occurring affordable housing or subsidized and deed-restricted affordable housing," said Joan Arnold, Executive Director of Allied Community Enterprises (ACE).

"Due to speculation, a history of redlining, and rising home prices, our communities have been priced out of homeownership for too long. Renting out basements and ADUs in their homes has been one of the only ways our Immigrant communities have been able to buy and afford homes in New York City." said Jagpreet Singh, Lead Organizer, Chhaya CDC. "For the past 15 years, we have been fighting to advocate for New Yorkers who want to legally and safely rent out their basements. We're excited to see Assemblymember Epstein, a long time friend of the Basement Apartments Safe for Everyone (BASE) campaign, and Senator Harckham take lead on this legislation. With the passage of it, we can expect to see over 100,000 affordable units added in New York City alone, and with the pandemic still raging, now is more important than ever to ensure every New Yorker has an affordable place to call home."

"The pandemic has shown how safe and affordable housing is fundamental to our health. Increasing the supply of affordable housing is essential to our recovery and this legislation could add thousands of desperately needed units in a way that benefits homeowners and tenants alike," said **Katherine Leitch**, **Senior Policy Analyst at Citizens Housing and Planning Council**. "This is smart legislation that leverages regulatory reform to create affordable housing, which may be our most powerful tool while both New Yorkers' and governments' budgets are gutted by COVID-19."

2/26/2021

"At CNY Fair Housing, we believe in housing equity for all. For 30 years, we have been fighting against discrimination in housing, only to find that NIMBYism is still alive and thriving. The proposed legislation for ADU's will provide not only more affordable housing opportunities, it will also creatively assist in resolving housing options for individuals with disabilities and families with children who face higher rates of housing discrimination. For too long, zoning codes and planning commissions have decided whether or not someone has the right to safe, affordable housing — it is time to let individuals decide where they are cared for and where they call home — this can only be achieved if people have more housing options that meet their daily lived experience," said Sally Santangelo, Executive Director of CNY Fair Housing.

"We are thrilled to see bold accessory dwelling unit policy proposed for New York State. For the last two years, Cypress Hills Local Development Corporation has been leading the Basement Apartment Conversion Pilot Program in East New York, Brooklyn. Basement conversions are a commonsense policy to stabilize homeownership and provide affordable rental housing, particularly in low-income and working-class communities like ours. Where these units already exist, a lack of ADU policy has for too long rendered homeowners vulnerable to exorbitant fines, vacate orders, and loss of essential income, while creating unsafe conditions and uncertainty for low-income renters. With communities like East New York on the frontline of the COVID-19 crisis — both in terms of public health and economic impacts — it is imperative that New York State take immediate action to generate additional sources of monthly income for homeowners while creating thousands of units of stable, affordable, healthy, and dignified housing for renters," said Ryan Chavez, Program Director of the Basement Apartment Conversion Pilot Program at Cypress Hills Local Development Corporation.

"The intense racial segregation found on Long Island is the result of decades of home rule: the power of hundreds of local town and village governments to control what may be built in a neighborhood and who is permitted to live there," said Elaine Gross,

President of ERASE Racism in Syosset, NY. "With the explicit Fair Housing provisions in this new ADU legislation, affordable and flexible housing options within all Long Island communities would provide more options for People of Color, especially Black families that have been systematically discriminated against. This legislation will help

alleviate these inequities, and would also help existing homeowners struggling to make ends meet."

"Overcrowded, unsafe, unaffordable homes should not be the status quo in New York City and Westchester County. This legislation, if passed, would create hundreds of thousands of safe, decent and affordable homes for hard-working families, and provide homeowners, particularly lower-income homeowners of color, with the opportunity to earn extra income from their ADU. In this housing crisis, exacerbated by the pandemic, it is our moral imperative to create housing however and wherever we can, and ADUs are a tremendous step in the right direction. We applaud Assemblymember Epstein and Senator Harckham, as well as our partners on the bill, for this first step toward ADU legalization," said Karen Haycox, CEO of Habitat for Humanity New York City & Westchester County.

"The legalization of accessory dwelling units would be a boon for immigrants, families, and seniors. ADUs are an important tool in the tool box that should be leveraged to create affordable housing and combat climate change. New York State has among the most restrictive zoning laws in America. Our communities shouldn't be keeping people out, they should be letting people in. Legalizing ADUs is the first step in ensuring that New York's policies match its progressive values," said Aaron Carr, Founder and Executive Director of Housing Rights Initiative.

"We're thrilled to see this effort to legalize accessory dwelling units across New York State. ADUs can be an important tool for new affordable housing supply and 'gentle density' in all types of built environments. New York's housing crisis can be directly connected to the lack of state action to address racist, classist, and outdated zoning restrictions, and this bill is an important first step to creating a more affordable, integrated New York," said Amelia Josephson, board member at Open New York.

"This ADU Legislation is a huge step forward in the fight to ensure healthy, safe and affordable housing for all. The affordable housing crisis is one that is not easily solved and New Yorkers need all the tools possible to stabilize homeownership and secure quality housing for tenants. As part of the BASE Campaign, Pratt Center has been working for many years with our partners to advance smart, wisely crafted policy that can bring ADUs and basement apartments into the legal housing market and we strongly believe that the legislation that Assembly Member Epstein and Senator Harckham have

introduced is just that. In New York City alone, this legislation could open up an opportunity to convert a multitude of basements and cellars into hundreds of thousands of new units. Most importantly, this legislation creates a pathway for homeowners and tenants of color to participate in housing markets that they have long been shamefully segregated from. We look forward to seeing this create a wealth of opportunity for so many," said Rebekah Morris, Senior Program Manager, Pratt Center for Community Development.

"For our region to thrive equitably, we need to be bold and rethink our situation to meet the needs of a new generation," said **Tom Wright, President and CEO, Regional Plan Association.** "State and local policy makers must create diverse, new, affordable housing options. Large single-family homes are misaligned with what many people today can afford or need. This is our opportunity to create a model that minimizes strain on infrastructure and undoes the harm exclusionary zoning has inflicted on communities of color."







Tinti, Elisa

From:

Noble, Julie

Sent:

Tuesday, March 09, 2021 10:39 AM

To:

Morell, Jeffrey

Cc:

Tinti, Elisa; Knox, Stephan

Subject:

Laws and Rules, NYStretch Code

Jeffrey,

Please advise if NYStretch Code will be on the March 17 Laws and Rules meeting agenda, per the submitted communication. If so, I would like to request a period of time for a NYSERDA rep, Mike DeWein, to present to the committee, the details of the code and how it compares to the current code, benefits of the code, and answer any questions regarding such.

I would request a period of 20 minutes, including Q&A, if you are amenable.

Please advise, and I will also confirm with Steve Knox and Mike for attendance at the meeting.

Thanks, Julie

Julie L. Noble

City of Kingston Environmental Education & Sustainability Coordinator 467 Broadway Kingston, NY 12401 845-481-7339

CITY OF KINGSTON

Office of Environmental Education and Sustainability

climatesmart@kingston-ny.gov

Julie L. Noble, Coordinator



Steven T. Noble, Mayor

February 26, 2021

Honorable Andrea Shaut President/Alderman-at-Large Kingston Common Council 420 Broadway Kingston, NY 12401

Re:

Dear President Shaut,

On behalf of the Climate Smart Kingston Commission, in collaboration with the Building Safety Department and with my role as Sustainability Coordinator, I would like to request placement on the agenda of the appropriate committee to discuss the adoption of the NYStretch Energy Code for the City of Kingston.

The NYStretch Energy Code is a readily adoptable local energy code that is more efficient than the 2020 Energy Conservation Construction Code of NYS (ECCCNYS) and is authorized under Article 11 of NYS Energy Law. It is an overlay of the 2018 International Energy Conservation Code and prepares municipalities for future code cycles. It is based on proven technologies, systems and construction techniques, integrating best practices from programs such as ENERGY STAR for Homes, and it is a pivotal tool for supporting our energy and climate goals.

Benefits of the NYStretch Energy Code:

- Energy savings of 11% over the Energy Conservation Construction Code of NYS
- < 10 year payback on average</p>
- Cost Effective, energy efficiency increases property values and saves tenants and owners money
- Greater GHG reductions than ECCCNYS
- Healthier indoor environments, greater comfort
- More resilient buildings
- Boosts local economy with green workforce expansion
- Allows code officials greater flexibility and autonomy

In addition to these benefits, should the City of Kingston adopt the NYStretch Energy Code, this would serve as the final high impact action we would need for the NYSERDA Clean Energy Communities Leadership Round,

CITY OF KINGSTON

Office of Environmental Education and Sustainability

climatesmart@kingston-ny.gov

Julie L. Noble, Coordinator



Steven T. Noble, Mayor

qualifying the City for up to \$125,000 in grant funding for a municipal project to reduce more energy use, available this spring. This is competitive funding that we are poised to apply for, should we adopt the code, hence the request at this time.

NYStretch requirements include:

- Buildings envelope- improved window performance, increased insulation requirements, air leakage testing
- Lighting and Electrical- reduced interior and exterior lighting power, lighting controls
- Mechanical- improved equipment requirements and controls
- Renewable and Electric Vehicle readiness
- Commercial kitchen equipment efficiencies

NYStretch has already been adopted by many communities around the state, including Hastings-on Hudson, Beacon and Dobbs Ferry here in the Hudson Valley. More than 20 in the Hudson Valley are currently working towards adoption, and the SUNY system is using the NYStretch as their baseline energy code for all SUNY projects, as is NYS Office of Government Services.

The Climate Smart Kingston Commission, as well as the Building Safety Department have been reviewing this option for several months and have met with NYSERDA who has been working with us as well. For a full presentation, you can check out the November 11, 2020 Climate Smart meeting at https://youtu.be/BAVA6LkbgbE; from 9:33-59:50 you will see the full presentation by NYSERDA, to the Climate Smart Commission and Building Safety. For more information, you can also see www.nyserda.ny.gov/stretchenergy2020 and if you would like, I can be present at the appropriate meeting in order to answer any questions.

Thank you for your consideration.

men L. Noble

Sincerely,

Julie L. Noble

Sustainability Coordinator

Chair, Climate Smart Kingston Commission

Cc: Steve Knox, Building Safety

CITY OF KINGSTON

Historic Landmarks Preservation Commission

planning@kingston-ny.gov

Suzanne Cahill, Planning Director Julie Edelson-Safford, Historic Preservation Admin.



Steven T. Noble, Mayor

March 10, 2021

Ald. At Large Andrea Shaut, President City of Kingston Common Council City Hall – 420 Broadway Kingston, New York 12401

Re:

HLPC RECOMMENDATION to Kingston Common Council

Zoning Text Amendment - Definition of "Hotel" - Resolution 28 of 2021

Dear Pres. Shaut:

This is to advise you that at the virtual meeting of the Historic Landmarks Preservation Commission, held on March 4, 2021, the Commission reviewed the referral from the Common Council with regard to amending the Zoning Code by modifying the definition of the term "Hotel" to be consistent through the Zoning, other City Code Sections and also with Ulster County's definition.

The consensus of the Commission was favorable with regard to the clarification of the code with respect to the definition of the term "Hotel" and that by itself, has no direct impact on historic preservation. However, it was further agreed that establishing any subsequent regulation(s), of any type of "hotel", be undertaken with careful consideration to maintaining the historic integrity of properties and protecting investments in neighborhoods, recognizing that certain uses do/can be detrimental to the stability of historic preservation efforts. In particular weighing the benefits short term rentals have on the ability of owners to afford historic preservation with longer term preservation of neighborhoods and historic districts, and diminishing available housing stock for residents is one issue to be thought out.

The Commission appreciates the ability to review and comment on these matters that are taken up by the Council and would ask for similar consideration be given to future proposals.

If there are any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

Suzanne Cahill Planning Director

Cc:

Mark Grunblatt, Chairman HLPC

J. Ventura-Morell, W1, Chairman Laws and Rules

E. Tinti, City Clerk